

SAFETY DATA SHEET Liquasil Flexlap

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name Liquasil Flexlap

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Flexible coating

Uses advised against Use only for intended applications.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Liquasil Ltd

Unit 3 Radway Industrial Estate

Radway Road

Solihull

West Midlands B90 4NR 0121 709 5352 info@liquasil.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone 0121 709 5352 (office hours only)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Not Classified

Environmental hazards Not Classified

2.2. Label elements

Hazard statements NC Not Classified

Supplemental label EUH208 Contains N-(3-(Trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine. May produce an allergic

information reaction.

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB. Curing process releases 2-pentanone oxime. 2-Pentanone oxime is classified as harmful if swallowed, causes serious eye irritation, may cause damage to blood/spleen through prolonged/repeated exposure and is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

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O,O',O"-(Methylsilylidyne)trioxime 2-pentanone

3 - 7%

CAS number: 37859-55-5 EC number: 484-460-1 REACH registration number: 01-

2120004323-76-XXXX

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information In all cases of doubt, or if symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by

mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention if any

discomfort continues.

Skin contact Wipe off excess material with cloth or paper. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get

medical attention if any discomfort continues. In the event of any sensitisation symptoms

developing, ensure further exposure is avoided.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide

apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort

continues.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information Curing process releases 2-pentanone oxime. 2-Pentanone oxime is classified as harmful if

swallowed, causes serious eye irritation, may cause damage to blood/spleen through prolonged/repeated exposure. Curing process releases a small amount of methanol.

Inhalation No specific symptoms known.

Ingestion May cause discomfort if swallowed.

Skin contact Mild dermatitis, allergic skin rash.

Eye contact May cause temporary eye irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically.

Specific treatments Antidote for methanol poisoning is ethanol.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Water spray, fog or mist. Foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

media

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

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Hazardous combustion

Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or

vapours.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

products

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Keep up-wind to avoid fumes.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective

clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions In case of spills, beware of slippery floors and surfaces. Wear appropriate protective clothing.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning upAbsorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health

hazards. For waste disposal, see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Avoid contact with eyes and prolonged skin contact. Provide adequate ventilation.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

Usage description Pourable/Paintable Coating

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Dioctyltin dilaurate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 0.1 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 0.2 mg/m³ as Sn

Sk

Toluene

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 191 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 384 mg/m³ Sk

Methanol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm 266 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 250 ppm 333 mg/m³ Sk

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WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit. Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

O,O',O"-(Methylsilylidyne)trioxime 2-pentanone (CAS: 37859-55-5)

DNEL Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 0.229 mg/m³

Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 0.065 mg/kg

PNEC Fresh water; 0.1 mg/l

marine water; 0.01 mg/l

STP; 2.15 mg/l

Sediment (Freshwater); 0.569 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); 0.057 mg/kg

Soil; 0.044 mg/kg

Dioctyltin dilaurate (CAS: 3648-18-8)

DNEL Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 0.004 mg/m³

PNEC Fresh water; 0.002 μg/l

Fresh water, Intermittent release; 0.018 µg/l

marine water; 0.0002 µg/l

STP; 100 mg/l

Sediment (Freshwater); 0.028 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); 0.003 mg/kg

Soil; 0.006 mg/kg Oral (food); 0.02 mg/kg

Toluene (CAS: 108-88-3)

DNEL Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 192 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 384 mg/m³ Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 192 mg/m³ Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 384 mg/m³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 384 mg/kg/day

PNEC - Fresh water; 0.68 mg/l

- marine water; 0.68 mg/l

- Intermittent release; 0.68 mg/l

- STP; 13.61 mg/l

Sediment (Freshwater); 16.39 mg/kgSediment (Marinewater); 16.39 mg/kg

- Soil; 2.89 mg/kg

Methanol (CAS: 67-56-1)

DNEL Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 130 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 130 mg/m³ Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 130 mg/m³ Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 130 mg/m³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 20 mg/kg/day

Workers - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 20 mg/kg/day

8.2. Exposure controls

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Protective equipment





Appropriate engineering

controls

All handling should only take place in well-ventilated areas. In case of insufficient ventilation,

wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Eye/face protection Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates

eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should

comply with European Standard EN166.

Hand protection Use protective gloves. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the

glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the

glove material.

Hygiene measures Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Wash

promptly if skin becomes contaminated.

Respiratory protection Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk

assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid.

Colour Various colours.

Odour Slight.

Odour threshold No information available.

pH No information available.

Melting point No information available.

Initial boiling point and range No information available.

Flash point No information available.

Evaporation rate No information available.

Evaporation factor No information available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

No information available.

Vapour pressure No information available.

Vapour density No information available.

Relative density 1.0 @ 20°C

Solubility(ies) Insoluble in water.

Partition coefficient No information available.

Auto-ignition temperature No information available.

Decomposition Temperature Not determined.

Viscosity <300 P @ 20°C

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Explosive properties Not considered to be explosive.

Oxidising properties The mixture itself has not been tested but none of the ingredient substances meet the criteria

for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

Other information Not known.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity See the other subsections of this section for further details.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Will not polymerise.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods of time.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or

vapours. Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological effects There are no data available on this product.

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 29,585.23

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

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Skin sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. The product contains a small

amount of a sensitising substance which may cause an allergic reaction in sensitive

individuals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information Curing process releases 2-pentanone oxime. 2-Pentanone oxime is classified as harmful if

swallowed, causes serious eye irritation, may cause damage to blood/spleen through

prolonged/repeated exposure. Curing process may release a small amount of methanol which

is irritating to mucous membranes and has skin drying and narcotic effects.

Inhalation No specific health hazards known.

Ingestion May cause discomfort if swallowed.

Skin contact May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Eye contact May cause temporary eye irritation.

Acute and chronic health

hazards

Product may cause an allergic reaction in hypersensitive persons.

Route of exposure Skin and/or eye contact

Target organs Skin

Medical symptoms Allergic rash.

Medical considerations Skin disorders and allergies.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

O,O',O"-(Methylsilylidyne)trioxime 2-pentanone

Acute toxicity - oral

Summary Harmful if swallowed.

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

mg/kg)

1,234.0

Rat

Species

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ATE oral (mg/kg) 1,234.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) LD₅₀ >1782 mg/kg, Dermal, Rat Read-across data.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Summary Causes serious eye irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation

OECD 405 Acute eye irritation / corrosion: Irritating (rabbit)

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity In cross-linked state not soluble in water. Easily separable from water by filtration. Curing

process releases 2-pentanone oxime. 2-Pentanone oxime is classified as harmful to aquatic

life with long lasting effects.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity There are no data for the product.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Ecological information on ingredients.

O,O',O"-(Methylsilylidyne)trioxime 2-pentanone

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: >113 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

Read-across data.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

EC₅o, 48 hours: >113 mg/l, Daphnia magna

invertebrates

Read-across data.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

EC₅o, 72 hours: 100 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The product is not readily biodegradable.

Ecological information on ingredients.

O,O',O"-(Methylsilylidyne)trioxime 2-pentanone

Persistence and degradability

Not readily biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely to be significant because of the low water-solubility of this product.

Partition coefficient No information available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

O,O',O"-(Methylsilylidyne)trioxime 2-pentanone

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Bioaccumulative potential BCF: 3.103 L/kg, QSAR

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product is insoluble in water.

Ecological information on ingredients.

O,O',O"-(Methylsilylidyne)trioxime 2-pentanone

Adsorption/desorption

- Koc: 20.9 @ 20°C

coefficient

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Not known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be

considered.

Disposal methodsDispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.

Waste class Recommended EWC Code 08 04 10

SECTION 14: Transport information

General The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods

(IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).

14.1. UN number

Not applicable.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

No transport warning sign required.

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, UK SI 2019/758, UK SI

2019/858 and UK SI 2019/1144. The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations

2020, UK SI 2020/1577.

The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, UK SI 2019/720. The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit)

Regulations 2020, UK SI 2020/1567.

Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).

The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment

Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended).

EU legislation Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18

December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

Guidance Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

Health and environmental

listings

Dioctyltin dilaurate is on the EU Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHCs)

for Authorisation.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

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Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.
BCF: Bioconcentration Factor.
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

EC₅₀: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IBC: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous

Chemicals in Bulk (International Bulk Chemical Code).

ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

Kow: Octanol-water partition coefficient.

LC₅₀: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LD₅o: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).

LOAEC: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Concentration.

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level. LOEC: Lowest Observed Effect Concentration.

MARPOL 73/78: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as

modified by the Protocol of 1978.

NOAEC: No Observed Adverse Effect Concentration.

NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level. NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration.

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.

REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation

(EC) No 1907/2006.

RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Rail.

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern.

vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

Key literature references and sources for data

Source: European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/ SDS from supplier.

Revision comments Revised formulation. Revised classification.

Revision date 03/02/2022

Revision 3

Supersedes date 31/01/2022

SDS number 20363

SDS status Approved.

Hazard statements in full H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.